

LISTING OF CLAIMS

1. (Currently Amended) A method for optimizing digital subscriber line (DSL) communications performance over a cable bundle having a plurality of loops and including at least one active DSL loop, comprising the steps of:

determining, for a new DSL loop communication, a required bit rate of that new DSL loop communication, the determined required bit rate corresponding to a required band of plural adjacent subcarriers numbering less ~~multi-subcarrier bandwidth that is smaller~~ than a total available band of subcarriers ~~multi-subcarrier bandwidth~~ on one of the plurality of loops;

calculating, for a plurality of subcarrier location positions of the required band of plural adjacent subcarriers ~~multi-subcarrier bandwidth~~ for the new DSL loop communication within the total available band of subcarriers ~~multi-subcarrier bandwidth~~, a crosstalk noise effect of the new DSL loop communication with respect to the at least one active DSL loop;

choosing a location position for the required band of plural adjacent subcarriers ~~multi-subcarrier bandwidth~~ to carry the new DSL loop communication within the total available band of subcarriers ~~multi-subcarrier bandwidth~~ where the calculated crosstalk noise effect with respect to the at least one active DSL loop is minimized; and

generating a multi-subcarrier DSL signal for the new DSL loop communication having the required band of plural adjacent subcarriers ~~multi-subcarrier bandwidth~~ and positioned at the chosen location.

2. (Currently Amended) The method as in claim 1 wherein the at least one active DSL loop is at least two active DSL loops, and the step of choosing comprises the step of choosing a location position for the required band of plural adjacent subcarriers ~~multi-subcarrier bandwidth~~ for the new DSL loop communication within the total available band of subcarriers ~~multi-subcarrier bandwidth~~ where the calculated crosstalk noise effect with respect to the at least two active DSL loops is minimized.

3. (Canceled).

4. (Currently Amended) The method as in claim 1 wherein a number of subcarriers needed for the required band of plural adjacent subcarriers ~~multi-subcarrier bandwidth~~ varies with the plurality of location positions for the required band of plural adjacent subcarriers ~~multi-subcarrier bandwidth~~ within the total available band of subcarriers ~~multi-subcarrier bandwidth~~.

5. (Currently Amended) The method as in claim 4 wherein the varying number of subcarriers, specified by a chosen location position for the required band of plural adjacent subcarriers ~~multi-subcarrier bandwidth~~ having minimized crosstalk noise effect, effectuates a reduction in DSL modem power consumption.

6. (Currently Amended) The method as in claim 1 wherein the step of calculating further includes the step of sliding the required band of plural adjacent subcarriers ~~multi-subcarrier bandwidth~~ across the total available band of subcarriers ~~multi-subcarrier bandwidth~~ at the plurality of subcarrier location positions for which crosstalk noise effect is calculated.

7. (Currently Amended) The method as in claim 1 wherein the required band of plural adjacent subcarriers ~~multi-subcarrier bandwidth~~ is a required number of upstream subcarriers ~~multi-subcarrier bandwidth~~ and the total available band of subcarriers ~~multi-subcarrier bandwidth~~ is a total available number of upstream subcarriers ~~multi-subcarrier bandwidth~~.

8. (Previously Presented) The method as in claim 1 wherein the required band of plural adjacent subcarriers ~~multi-subcarrier bandwidth~~ is a required number of downstream subcarriers ~~multi-subcarrier bandwidth~~ and the total available band of subcarriers ~~multi-subcarrier bandwidth~~ is a total available number of downstream subcarriers ~~multi-subcarrier bandwidth~~.

9. (Original) The method as in claim 1 wherein the step of determining further comprises the step of removing unnecessary idle ATM cells, and the required bit rate for the new DSL loop communication is a bit rate needed for data communication over the new DSL loop without inclusion of unnecessary idle ATM cells.

10. (Original) The method as in claim 1 wherein the crosstalk noise effect is near-end crosstalk (NEXT) noise effect.

11. (Original) The method as in claim 1 wherein the calculated crosstalk noise effect is an estimation calculated effect.

12. (Original) The method as in claim 1 wherein the calculated crosstalk noise effect is an analytically calculated effect.

13. (Currently Amended) Apparatus for optimizing digital subscriber line (DSL) communications performance over a cable bundle having a plurality of loops and including at least one active DSL loop, comprising:

means for determining, for a new DSL loop communication, a required bit rate of that new DSL loop communication, the determined required bit rate corresponding to a required band of plural adjacent subcarriers numbering less ~~multi-subcarrier bandwidth that is smaller~~ than a total available band of subcarriers ~~multi-subcarrier bandwidth~~ on one of the plurality of loops;

means for calculating, for a plurality of subcarrier location positions of the required band of plural adjacent subcarriers ~~multi-subcarrier bandwidth~~ for the new DSL loop communication within the total available band of subcarriers ~~multi-subcarrier bandwidth~~, a crosstalk noise effect of the new DSL loop communication with respect to the at least one active DSL loop;

means for choosing a location position for the required band of plural adjacent subcarriers ~~multi-subcarrier bandwidth~~ to carry the new DSL loop communication within the total available band of subcarriers ~~multi-subcarrier bandwidth~~ where the calculated crosstalk noise effect with respect to the at least one active DSL loop is minimized; and

means for generating a multi-subcarrier DSL signal for the new DSL loop communication having the required band of plural adjacent subcarriers ~~multi-subcarrier bandwidth~~ and positioned at the chosen location.

14. (Currently Amended) The apparatus as in claim 13 wherein the at least one active DSL loop is at least two active DSL loops, and the means for choosing operates to choose a location position for the required band of plural adjacent subcarriers ~~multi-subcarrier bandwidth~~

for the new DSL loop communication within the total available band of subcarriers ~~multi-subcarrier bandwidth~~ where the calculated crosstalk noise effect with respect to the at least two active DSL loops is minimized.

15. (Canceled).

16. (Currently Amended) The apparatus as in claim 14 wherein a number of subcarriers needed for the required band of plural adjacent subcarriers ~~multi-subcarrier bandwidth~~ varies with the plurality of location positions for the required band of plural adjacent subcarriers ~~multi-subcarrier bandwidth~~ within the total available band of subcarriers ~~multi-subcarrier bandwidth~~.

17. (Currently Amended) The apparatus as in claim 16 wherein the varying number of subcarriers, specified by a chosen location position for the required band of plural adjacent subcarriers ~~multi-subcarrier bandwidth~~ having minimized crosstalk noise effect, effectuates a reduction in DSL modem power consumption.

18. (Currently Amended) The apparatus as in claim 13 wherein the means for calculating further includes means for sliding the required band of plural adjacent subcarriers ~~multi-subcarrier bandwidth~~ across the total available band of subcarriers ~~multi-subcarrier bandwidth~~ at the plurality of subcarrier location positions for which crosstalk noise effect is calculated.

19. (Currently Amended) The apparatus as in claim 13 wherein the required band of plural adjacent subcarriers ~~multi-subcarrier bandwidth~~ is a required number of upstream subcarriers ~~multi-subcarrier bandwidth~~ and the total available band of subcarriers ~~multi-subcarrier bandwidth~~ is a total available number of upstream subcarriers ~~multi-subcarrier bandwidth~~.

20. (Currently Amended) The apparatus as in claim 13 wherein the required band of plural adjacent subcarriers ~~multi-subcarrier bandwidth~~ is a required number of downstream subcarriers ~~multi-subcarrier bandwidth~~ and the total available band of subcarriers ~~multi-subcarrier bandwidth~~ is a total available number of downstream subcarriers ~~multi-subcarrier bandwidth~~.

21. (Original) The apparatus as in claim 13 wherein the means for determining further comprises means for removing unnecessary idle ATM cells, and the required bit rate for the new DSL loop communication is a bit rate needed for data communication over the new DSL loop without inclusion of the unnecessary idle ATM cells.

22. (Original) The apparatus as in claim 13 wherein the crosstalk noise effect is near-end crosstalk (NEXT) noise effect.

23. (Original) The apparatus as in claim 13 wherein the calculated crosstalk noise effect is an estimation calculated effect.

24. (Original) The apparatus as in claim 13 wherein the calculated crosstalk noise effect is an analytically calculated effect.

25. (Currently Amended) A digital subscriber line (DSL) transmitter connected to a certain loop in a cable bundle having a plurality of other loops and including active DSL loop communications on the other loops, comprising:

an ATM idle cell removal machine that is operable to determine for a new DSL loop communication on the certain loop a required bit rate that corresponds to a required band of adjacent DMT subcarriers less bandwidth ~~smaller~~ than a total available number of DMT subcarriers bandwidth on that certain loop;

a noise estimation algorithm that is operable to calculate, at each one of a plurality of possible subcarrier required bandwidth positions of the band of adjacent DMT subcarriers within the total available number of DMT subcarriers bandwidth, a crosstalk noise effect of the new DSL loop communication with respect to the active DSL loop communications on the other loops; and

a noise minimization algorithm that is operable to choose one of the possible subcarrier positions as a location of the required band of adjacent DMT subcarriers bandwidth within the total available number of DMT subcarriers bandwidth, wherein the calculated crosstalk noise effect with respect to the active DSL loop communications on the other loops at the chosen one of the possible positions is minimized; and

a DSL signal generator for generating an active DSL loop communication for that new DSL loop communication having the required band of adjacent DMT subcarriers bandwidth and positioned at the chosen location.

26. (Currently Amended) The transmitter as in claim 25 wherein the required band of adjacent DMT subcarriers bandwidth corresponds to a certain number of DMT subcarriers that varies with the plurality of possible subcarrier positions for the required band of adjacent DMT subcarriers bandwidth within the total available number of DMT subcarriers bandwidth.

27. (Currently Amended) The transmitter as in claim 26 wherein the varying certain number of subcarriers, specified by a chosen possible subcarrier position for the required band of adjacent DMT subcarriers bandwidth having minimized crosstalk noise effect, effectuates a reduction in transmitter power consumption.

28. (Currently Amended) The transmitter as in claim 25 wherein the noise minimization algorithm further operates to slide the required band of adjacent DMT subcarriers bandwidth across the total available number of DMT subcarriers bandwidth at the plurality of possible subcarrier positions for which crosstalk noise effect is calculated.

29. (Currently Amended) The transmitter as in claim 25 wherein the required band of adjacent DMT subcarriers bandwidth is a required number of upstream subcarriers bandwidth and the total available number of DMT subcarriers bandwidth is a total number of available upstream subcarriers bandwidth.

30. (Currently Amended) The transmitter as in claim 25 wherein the required band of adjacent DMT subcarriers bandwidth is a required number of downstream subcarriers bandwidth and the total available number of DMT subcarriers bandwidth is a total number of available downstream subcarriers bandwidth.

31. (Original) The transmitter as in claim 25 wherein the idle cell removal machine further operates to remove unnecessary idle ATM cells, and the required bit rate for the new DSL loop communication is a bit rate needed for data communication over the certain loop without inclusion of unnecessary idle ATM cells.

32. (Original) The apparatus as in claim 25 wherein the crosstalk noise effect is near-end crosstalk (NEXT) noise effect.

33. (Original) The apparatus as in claim 25 wherein the calculated crosstalk noise effect is an estimation calculated effect.

34. (Original) The apparatus as in claim 25 wherein the calculated crosstalk noise effect is an analytically calculated effect.